



PRINCIPAL COMPONENT ANALYSIS (PCA) OF PROTEINS RELATED TO TYPE 2 DIABETES MELLITUS: COMPARATIVE STUDY IN RODENTS AND HUMAN BEINGS

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ABSTRACT

Background: The objective of this study is to examine the relationship between the protein variates and to infer the variation across the 3 species namely man (*Homo sapiens*), house mouse (*Mus Musculus*) and Norway rat (*Rattus Norvegicus*).

Results For this purpose, a dataset of size 639 proteins has been taken representing 213 type 2 diabetes related proteins each belonging to Man, Mouse and Rat. Principal Component Analysis technique is used to reduce the dimensionality of the variables. The results show that the protein variates variation in man differs from those of two species.

Conclusion Principal Component analysis of type 2 diabetes related genes showed that those of house mouse and Norway rat were closer to each other than that of human being.

Keywords: *Principal Component Analysis(PCA), Protein Attributes, Precursors, Nonprecursors, Correlation Matrix, Eigen Values, Factor Loadings*

1. BACKGROUND

With the availability of genomic data of species across life sciences and increasing number of proteins, traditional methods of

annotating protein structure and function are becoming difficult. Therefore a confluence of mathematical and computational analysis as an iterative process with traditional biological methods is being employed to infer information from the flood of data. The first step in this annotation, is to identify genes; to define a gene which required a meeting and discussion to arrive at a working definition. ('A locatable region of genomic sequence, corresponding to a unit of inheritance, which is associated with regulatory regions, transcribed regions and/or other functional sequence regions') [1].

Comparative genomics and proteomics allow identification of gene equivalents using known genes as reference, and comparing regions of nucleotides or amino acids of the unknown sequence. The underlying assumption is that conserved sequences and regions are likely to be biologically relevant or important, and may be necessary for critical folding patterns and biochemical reactions. To make meaningful comparisons, choice of comparing life forms is critical, as there are common aspects, still comparisons can be made, as they are separated from one another in evolutionary time. For such cross species analysis with humans, rodents have been employed right from the early years of birth of genetics as a discipline [2].

Earlier studies evaluated difference between amino acids to identify chemical factors that correlate with evolutionary exchangeability of protein residues.

Amino acid side chain properties that correlated with relative substitution frequency

included composition, polarity and molecular volume [3]. A correlation was shown between codon relatedness and amino acid substitution rate.

In a more recent report, comparative analysis of genome sequences was performed to unravel the complexities of biological processes by using data mining tools [4]. Using these tools, sequence complexities of amino acids was studied to partition encoded proteins from different genomes into different categories of complexities.

Earlier, mathematical models were used to assess the amino acid sequence complexity in diabetes related proteins from three related species (Homo sapiens, Rattus norvegicus and Mus musculus) [5].

In PCA the dimensionality of the data set is reduced by transforming to a new set of variables (the principal components) to summarize the features of the data [6][7]. One of the main objectives of the principal component analysis is to reduce the dimension of a complex multi-variate problem. The component analysis takes the correlation matrix into account, and produces components which are uncorrelated with each other. Second, the component analysis produces components in descending order of importance – (i.e., the first component explains the maximum amount of variation and the last component the minimum.) It is often found that the first two or three components account for most variation whereas it is lesser in the subsequent components. In this case it is possible to approximately represent a large set of variables in terms of two or three components. The purpose of this study is to confirm the previously established results in a different context. Eight dimensions cannot be visualized and they need to be reduced to two or three and one best.

2. METHODS

The genes affecting type 2 diabetes were found from the site <http://www.genecards.org>. A total of 213 were available and were obtained. PCA is performed on the 213 sample drawn from each of the 3 species using SPSS 16.0. There were 87 precursors among the 213 genes. Further PCA was independently performed on precursors and nonprecursors. Details of protein attributes are given in Appendix 1.

3. RESULTS

3.1 Correlation Matrix

The correlation matrices of the 8 protein variates for the 3 species are presented in Table 1.

There was a low and positive association between % of acidic amino acids and length of it

being relatively high in Homo sapiens when compared to Mus Musculus and Rattus Norvegicus. There was a low and positive association between % of polar amino acids and length of it being relatively low in Homo sapiens when compared to Mus Musculus and Rattus Norvegicus (having almost the same %). Dfixed and Dvarglobular's association with length is more in Homo sapiens when compared to Mus Musculus and Rattus Norvegicus whose values are almost the same. There was a low and negative association between % of Acidic amino acids and % of basic amino acids with % of hydrophobic amino acids it being high in Homo sapiens when compared to Mus Musculus and Rattus Norvegicus. There exists high and significant association in terms of length and Dfixed and Dvarglobular with them being high in Homo sapiens and different and is different from Mus Musculus and Rattus Norvegicus (having equal values) thus showing that Homo sapiens differ from Mus Musculus and Rattus Norvegicus which are similar with respect to the protein variates correlation.

3.2 Eigen Values

The eight protein variates are grouped into three factors in all the three species. The Eigen values i.e. the variances extracted by the factors and the principal components for all the three species are shown in Table 2. The three components taken together have explained more than 78% of the variation among the variables it being similar in Rattus Norvegicus and Mus Musculus and different from Homo sapiens.

3.3 Factor Loadings

The factor loadings which reflect on the relative weights of the variable in the component show that in all the three species the first component is dominated by length, dfixed and dvarglobular, the second component is dominated by %basic and %acidic and the third component is dominated by %hydrophobic and %aromatic.

4. RESULTS OF PRECURSORS VERSUS NONPRECURSORS

There are certain variations in precursors across rat and mouse as opposed to no variation in nonprecursors. Overall sample results match that of nonprecursors. There is variation in precursors due to slight correlation variation across the protein variates. The principal components composition across the 3 species in precursors and nonprecursors is shown in table 10. In Mus Musculus and Rattus Norvegicus, there were 4 principal components in precursors as opposed to 3 in nonprecursors.

The correlation matrices, eigen values and factor loadings are shown in Tables 4 – 9 for precursors and nonprecursors respectively. The eigen values cumulative % variation in overall sample is similar to that of nonprecursors rather than that of precursors.

5. DISCUSSION

Earlier studies have employed principal component analysis for a variety of factors in diabetes mellitus. Principal component analysis of the derived profiles was used to classify any variations and specific metabolites were identified based on their spectral pattern [8]. In another study, the principal component analysis was used to understand correlations between the continuous variables within the clinical database, and to identify principal factors (combinations of variables) and the magnitude of HT in the combinations. In subjects with the metabolic syndrome the principal factors were dominated by blood pressure in both genders with higher loadings in men than in women [9].

In an *in vivo* study, principal component analysis of the metabolite data showed two clusters, corresponding to the cells cultured at 2.8 and 16.7 mM glucose, respectively [10]. Principal components factor analysis revealed 2 meaningful factors in developing a psychological questionnaire for using insulin (Reassurance and Threat) with satisfactory internal consistency (Cronbach' alpha) and adequate test-retest reliability [11]. Based on a first PCA analysis with Varimax Rotation and MA that were performed separately on the SHIP questionnaire filled out at baseline, four items were eliminated as they displayed poor discriminant or convergent validity, had low predictive value, or were not adapted to patients under insulin therapy without OHA [12]. PCA is widely used to classify NMR-derived data. PCA provides good representation for time-related responses in metabolic composition variance as a method of monitoring the progression of toxicity and recovery [13].

In our earlier study we (a) looked for differences in the three using discriminant analysis (b) found the dominant proteins in each species and the attributes in each, using multiple regression and nominal regression (c) identified protein groups by cluster analysis. Analysis from all methods showed that there was a clustering of proteins from humans, which was different from that of mouse and rat; those from the latter two animals clustered together [5]. Here we extend the work by performing principal component analysis (PCA) in these three categories of species to

further characterize the relatedness patterns of proteins [4][5].

After the sequencing of the human genome, rodent genome sequencing (mouse and rat) was the next step to offer data for comparative genomics to discover and analyze human genes embedded in the database [14]. The underlying concept was that genes with significant similarity are presumed 'to have evolved from a single ancestral gene and are part of the same gene family' [15]. Proteins tend to show conservation of structure than sequences, thus allowing structure to be inferred from function [16].

Globally the mouse genome is about 14% smaller than the human genome, possibly due to higher rate of deletion in mouse lineage[17]. At the nucleotide level 40% of human genome can be aligned to the mouse genome, with neutral substitutions being twice as many in mouse than humans. Only <1% of mouse genes exist without corresponding human homologs and vice versa. The strong conservation of genes in humans and mice shows evolutionary forces that moulded the development of the two genomes. The two genomes may have diverged about 75Myr ago from a common ancestor. Most mouse and human ortholog pairs have high degree of sequence identity and are under purifying selection. By the year 2002, 687 human disease genes had clear orthologs in mouse [17]. Eighty percent of mouse proteins had strict 1:1 orthologs in human genome. It thus provides a tool to understand biological function. 'Evolution's crucible is a far more sensitive instructor than any other available to modern experimental science.' [17] The rat genome sequence was published shortly thereafter in 2004 [18]. The rat genome was smaller than human, but larger than the mouse. Both however encode a similar number of genes. Almost all human genes known to be associated with disease have rat orthologs. About 30% of rat genome aligns only with the mouse. The two species separated about 12-24 Myr ago. Nearly 39% of euchromatic rat genome aligns in all species (*viz* rat, mouse and human), which consists of the ancestral core common to all three. It contains 94-95% of known coding exons and regulatory regions. Nearly 90% of rat genes have strict orthologs in both mouse and human genomes. Unique genes in rat are related to rat-specific biologic function such as reproduction, immunity and toxin metabolism [18]. In contrast almost all human disease genes

have rat orthologs. This underscores the importance of the rat as an appropriate model organism in experimental studies.

The use of rat and mouse for comparison with human proteins is appropriate because sufficient evolutionary distance exists between rodents and humans, which is optimal for comparative gene prediction [19]. Further availability of completed genome sequences from other species will allow development of new computational gene finding methods[20].

In a recent study to identify novel human genes through simultaneous gene prediction in human, mouse and rat, 3698 gene triplets were found in all three species, which were predicted with exactly the same gene structure[21]. Total number of SLAM human/mouse genes were 29,370, of human/rat genes were 25,427 and identical human, mouse and rat genes were 3698 [21]. The final ortholog set consisted of 924 genes. Using a whole genome multiple alignment of Rat, Mouse and Human, 87% of all human gene-coding areas aligned in both Mouse and Rat [22]. Such available evolutionary distances from different species show conserved, and by inference, important biological features. A comparative genetic expression of Maize, Mouse and Man showed it was possible to correlate 'structure between transcript abundances and classic traits' to identify susceptibility loci for complex diseases [23], [24]. Combination of gene expression, genotype and clinical data can identify rate-limiting steps in drug discovery, and in 'identifying drivers of the pathways underlying those disease subtypes' [23].

An earlier study devised a formula to identify chemical factors in amino acids that correlated with evolutionary exchangeability of protein residues, using the following attributes of amino acids for correlation: composition, polarity and molecular weight [3].

A recent study comparing human and chimpanzee genomes has shown that the number of positively selected genes were fewer in humans than in chimpanzee, lending support to the association between human mendelian disease and past adaptations [25].

In our study, principal component analysis has shown that the parameters variation in Homo sapiens differ from the other two rodent species.

Rodent genomics is simultaneously associated with the development of knock-out models for metabolic syndrome [26]. Such animals carrying specific knock-out genes can help in identifying genes, protein function and

their alterations in pathological states, to finally offer leads for development of pharmacological therapies based on a systems approach of physiological processes.

6. CONCLUSION

In conclusion using principal component analysis, protein variates related to diabetes among the three species shows that the protein variates variation in Homo Sapiens differ from the other two species(both being similar). When sequences are being released than can be analyzed it becomes imperative to focus on annotation, by going beyond simple statistics to 'tools and techniques in other scientific fields that routinely deal with analysis of large and complex systems' [27]. Functional annotation, which depends on sequence database search, is being attempted using a variety of techniques [28]. Amino acid runs were examined to look for disease associations [29] and physicochemical properties with identifying protein docking [30]. Similarly, principal component analysis of amino acids has been extended to predict protein structural classes [31]. Therefore principal component analysis could assist in assigning function to diabetes related proteins, which are being identified at an increasing pace.

7. APPENDIX 1

The protein variates are:

Variate 1 is the length (L) of the protein in number of amino acids.

Variate 2 is the percent of basic amino acids in a given protein. The basic amino acids are H, K; R. percent basic is given by

$$\frac{\text{Number of basic amino acids} \times 100}{\text{Total number of amino acids}}$$

Total number of amino acids

Variate 3 is the percent of acidic/amide amino acids in a given protein. The acidic/amide amino acids are D, E, N, and Q. Percent acidic/amide is given by

$$\frac{\text{Number of acidic/amide amino acids} \times 100}{\text{Total number of amino acids}}$$

Total number of amino acids

Variate 4 is the percent of small and medium hydrophobic amino acids in a given protein. The small and medium hydrophobic amino acids are V, L, I, M. Percent hydrophobicity is given by

$$\frac{\text{Number of hydrophobic amino acids} \times 100}{\text{Total number of amino acids}}$$

Total number of amino acids

Variate 5 is the percent of aromatic amino acids in a given protein. The aromatic amino acids are F, Y, and W. Percent aromatic is given by

$$\frac{\text{Number of aromatic amino acids} \times 100}{\text{Total number of amino acids}}$$

Total number of amino acids

Variate 6 is the percent of small/polar amino acids in a given protein. The small/polar amino acids are A, G, S, T, P [32].(Teresa K. Attwood et al 2004). Percent small/polar is given by

$$\frac{\text{Number of small/polar amino acids} \times 100}{\text{Total number of amino acids}}$$

Variate 7 is a measure of distance of a protein sequence from a fixed reference point.

The distance is measured according to the formula:

$$\text{Distance (D)}_{\text{fixed}} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{20} (O_i - E_i)^2}$$

where O_i is the observed number of amino acid of type 'i' in the concerned protein and E_i , the expected number of amino acid of type 'i' in the same protein. E_i is $L/20$ considering all amino acid to be uniformly distributed in the protein. We refer to this point as the fixed reference point. D_{fixed} is square root of sum of squares from $i=1$ to 20 of difference of observed and expected number of amino acids. Here it is considered fixed as $E_i = L/20$ is a constant for all the amino acids.

Variate 8 is the distance of a protein sequence from a variable reference point. The distance D_{var} , globular has the same formula as that in variate 4 but the E_i is calculated according to the formula:

$$E_i = f_i \times L$$

where L is the length of the concerned protein in amino acids and f_i is the average frequency of occurrence of the i th amino acid in the set of proteins that are of high sequence complexity (Nandi T et al., 2002). Here this is considered variable reference point since f_i changes for every amino acid and hence E_i changes.

8. AUTHORS CONTRIBUTIONS

RB conceived the study, performed the analysis. AAR, GRS conceived the study, coordinated it and wrote the paper. All authors read and approved the final manuscript.

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Table 1 Correlation matrices of protein variates for the 3 species

Panel A: Homo Sapiens

| | Length | %basic | %acidic | %hydroph | %aromatic | %polar | Dfixed | Dvar |
|-----------|--------|--------|---------|----------|-----------|--------|--------|------|
| Length | | | | | | | | |
| %basic | | | | | | | | |
| %acidic | | | | | | | | |
| %hydroph | | | | | | | | |
| %aromatic | | | | | | | | |
| %polar | | | | | | | | |
| Dfixed | | | | | | | | |
| Dvar | | | | | | | | |

Panel B: Mus Musculus

| | Length | % Basic | % Acidic | %Hydroph | %Aromatic | %Polar | Dfixed | Dvar |
|-----------|--------|---------|----------|----------|-----------|--------|--------|------|
| Length | | | | | | | | |
| % Basic | | | | | | | | |
| % Acidic | | | | | | | | |
| %Hydroph | | | | | | | | |
| %Aromatic | | | | | | | | |
| %Polar | | | | | | | | |
| Dfixed | | | | | | | | |
| Dvar | | | | | | | | |

Panel C: Rattus Norvegicus

| | Length | %Basic | %Acidic | %Hydroph | %Aromatic | %Polar | Dfixed | Dvar |
|-----------|--------|--------|---------|----------|-----------|--------|--------|------|
| Length | | | | | | | | |
| %Basic | | | | | | | | |
| %Acidic | | | | | | | | |
| %Hydroph | | | | | | | | |
| %Aromatic | | | | | | | | |
| %Polar | | | | | | | | |
| Dfixed | | | | | | | | |
| Dvar | | | | | | | | |

Table 2 Eigen Values and Principal Components for all the 3 species

Panel I: Homo Sapiens

| Principal Component | Eigen Value | Cumulative Percentage |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 2.944 | 36.803 |
| 2 | 1.757 | 58.771 |
| 3 | 1.715 | 80.213 |

Panel II: Mus Musculus

| Principal Component | Eigen Value | Cumulative Percentage |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 2.962 | 37.027 |
| 2 | 1.685 | 58.088 |
| 3 | 1.617 | 78.306 |

Panel III: Rattus Norvegicus

| Principal Component | Eigen Value | Cumulative Percentage |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 2.970 | 37.130 |
| 2 | 1.753 | 59.043 |
| 3 | 1.569 | 78.661 |

Table 3 Factor Loadings of the variables in the sample species

| Variable | Homo Sapiens | | | Mus Musculus | | | Rattus Norvegicus | | |
|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------|-------|-------|-------------------|-------|-------|
| | Component | | | Component | | | Component | | |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Length | .354 | .044 | .104 | .354 | .064 | .119 | .355 | .066 | .125 |
| %Basic | -.080 | .416 | -.140 | -.091 | .372 | -.185 | -.090 | .384 | -.163 |
| %Acidic | .072 | .474 | -.003 | .090 | .487 | -.020 | .090 | .475 | .005 |
| %Hydrophobic | .026 | -.185 | .442 | .008 | -.147 | .440 | .001 | -.192 | .430 |
| %Aromatic | .071 | -.030 | .453 | .079 | -.001 | .466 | .088 | -.007 | .491 |
| %Polar | -.039 | -.367 | -.438 | -.039 | -.452 | -.454 | -.037 | -.405 | -.468 |
| Dfixed | .338 | -.007 | .031 | .335 | -.004 | .036 | .336 | .002 | .041 |
| Dvar | .326 | -.015 | .013 | .321 | .022 | .004 | .318 | -.002 | .003 |

Table 4 Correlation matrices of protein variates for the 3 species in precursors

Panel A: Homo Sapiens

| | Length | %basic | %acidic | %hydroph | %aromatic | %polar | Dfixed | Dvar |
|-----------|--------|--------|---------|----------|-----------|--------|--------|-------|
| Length | | -.212 | .229 | -.050 | .237 | -.068 | .969 | .938 |
| %basic | | | -.077 | -.164 | -.119 | -.297 | -.261 | -.235 |
| %acidic | | | | -.029 | .138 | -.579 | .207 | .280 |
| %hydroph | | | | | -.147 | -.427 | -.016 | -.097 |
| %aromatic | | | | | | -.264 | .146 | .229 |
| %polar | | | | | | | .014 | -.079 |
| Dfixed | | | | | | | | .939 |
| Dvar | | | | | | | | |

Panel B: Mus Musculus

| | Length | %basic | %acidic | %hydroph | %aromatic | %polar | Dfixed | Dvar |
|-----------|--------|--------|---------|----------|-----------|--------|--------|-------|
| Length | | -.267 | .145 | -.099 | .221 | .062 | .977 | .918 |
| %basic | | | -.133 | -.184 | -.307 | -.281 | -.313 | -.276 |
| %acidic | | | | -.071 | .052 | -.548 | .163 | .266 |
| %hydroph | | | | | -.228 | -.370 | -.036 | -.156 |
| %aromatic | | | | | | -.112 | .152 | .195 |
| %polar | | | | | | | .099 | .003 |
| Dfixed | | | | | | | | .936 |
| Dvar | | | | | | | | |

Panel C: Rattus Norvegicus

| | Length | %basic | %acidic | %hydroph | %aromatic | %polar | Dfixed | Dvar |
|-----------|--------|--------|---------|----------|-----------|--------|--------|-------|
| Length | | -.245 | .176 | -.165 | .170 | .043 | .971 | .919 |
| %basic | | | -.025 | -.168 | -.188 | -.380 | -.278 | -.263 |
| %acidic | | | | -.099 | -.060 | -.562 | .188 | .277 |
| %hydroph | | | | | -.167 | -.295 | -.090 | -.211 |
| %aromatic | | | | | | -.119 | .106 | .137 |
| %polar | | | | | | | .081 | .019 |
| Dfixed | | | | | | | | .927 |
| Dvar | | | | | | | | |

Table 5 Eigen Values and Principal Components for all the 3 species in precursors

Panel I: Homo Sapiens

| Principal Component | Eigen Value | Cumulative Percentage |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 3.059 | 38.237 |
| 2 | 1.796 | 60.684 |
| 3 | 1.211 | 75.817 |

Panel II: Mus Musculus

| Principal Component | Eigen Value | Cumulative Percentage |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 2.945 | 36.815 |
| 2 | 1.606 | 56.892 |
| 3 | 1.316 | 73.338 |
| 4 | 1.226 | 88.659 |

Panel III: Rattus Norvegicus

| Principal Component | Eigen Value | Cumulative Percentage |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 3.054 | 38.178 |
| 2 | 1.678 | 59.149 |
| 3 | 1.170 | 73.771 |
| 4 | 1.108 | 87.621 |

Table 6 Factor Loadings of the variables in the sample species in precursors

| Variable | Homo Sapiens | | | Mus Musculus | | | | Rattus Norvegicus | | | |
|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Component | | | Component | | | | Component | | | |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Length | .310 | .018 | .023 | .343 | -.016 | -.068 | .002 | .318 | .009 | -.020 | -.024 |
| %Basic | -.185 | .234 | .396 | .015 | .146 | -.621 | .340 | -.099 | .223 | -.508 | -.260 |
| %Acidic | .021 | .408 | .054 | .020 | .512 | .072 | .098 | .083 | .453 | -.029 | -.038 |
| %Hydrophobic | -.005 | .099 | -.748 | .007 | .023 | .009 | -.780 | -.036 | .107 | .763 | -.123 |
| %Aromatic | .038 | .222 | .311 | -.133 | .145 | .653 | .276 | -.083 | .057 | -.039 | .910 |
| %Polar | .084 | -.539 | .117 | .042 | -.567 | .057 | .108 | .061 | -.572 | -.097 | -.122 |
| Dfixed | .322 | -.034 | -.037 | .356 | -.039 | -.081 | -.066 | .330 | -.004 | .043 | -.087 |
| Dvar | .306 | .029 | .047 | .334 | .048 | -.068 | .046 | .318 | .039 | -.045 | -.039 |

Table 7 Correlation matrices of protein variates for the 3 species in nonprecursors

Panel A: Homo Sapiens

| | Length | %basic | %acidic | %hydroph | %aromatic | %polar | Dfixed | Dvar |
|-----------|--------|--------|---------|----------|-----------|--------|--------|-------|
| Length | | -.040 | .165 | -.247 | -.229 | .212 | .975 | .892 |
| %basic | | | .500 | -.374 | -.191 | -.414 | -.092 | -.133 |
| %acidic | | | | -.510 | -.318 | -.367 | .104 | .073 |
| %hydroph | | | | | .460 | -.429 | -.290 | -.325 |
| %aromatic | | | | | | -.484 | -.318 | -.340 |
| %polar | | | | | | | .356 | .420 |
| Dfixed | | | | | | | | .947 |
| Dvar | | | | | | | | |

Panel B: Mus Musculus

| | Length | %basic | %acidic | %hydroph | %aromatic | %polar | Dfixed | Dvar |
|-----------|--------|--------|---------|----------|-----------|--------|--------|-------|
| Length | | -.079 | .141 | -.233 | -.201 | .249 | .959 | .873 |
| %basic | | | .460 | -.426 | -.156 | -.417 | -.150 | -.108 |
| %acidic | | | | -.577 | -.387 | -.278 | .075 | .094 |
| %hydroph | | | | | .404 | -.393 | -.265 | -.324 |
| %aromatic | | | | | | -.439 | -.313 | -.322 |
| %polar | | | | | | | .420 | .424 |
| Dfixed | | | | | | | | .939 |
| Dvar | | | | | | | | |

Panel C: Rattus Norvegicus

| | Length | %basic | %acidic | %hydroph | %aromatic | %polar | Dfixed | Dvar |
|-----------|--------|--------|---------|----------|-----------|--------|--------|-------|
| Length | | -.098 | .141 | -.234 | -.208 | .249 | .959 | .856 |
| %basic | | | .423 | -.447 | -.154 | -.383 | -.161 | -.161 |
| %acidic | | | | -.540 | -.328 | -.323 | .058 | .022 |
| %hydroph | | | | | .405 | -.387 | -.265 | -.306 |
| %aromatic | | | | | | -.478 | -.323 | -.338 |
| %polar | | | | | | | .424 | .485 |
| Dfixed | | | | | | | | .940 |
| Dvar | | | | | | | | |

Table 8 Eigen Values and Principal Components for all the 3 species in nonprecursors

Panel I: Homo Sapiens

| Principal Component | Eigen Value | Cumulative Percentage |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 2.909 | 36.365 |
| 2 | 2.010 | 61.489 |
| 3 | 1.958 | 85.966 |

Panel II: Mus Musculus

| Principal Component | Eigen Value | Cumulative Percentage |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 2.892 | 36.147 |
| 2 | 2.047 | 61.735 |
| 3 | 1.831 | 84.618 |

Panel III: Rattus Norvegicus

| Principal Component | Eigen Value | Cumulative Percentage |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 2.884 | 36.047 |
| 2 | 2.032 | 61.448 |
| 3 | 1.832 | 84.350 |

Table 9 Factor Loadings of the variables in the sample species in nonprecursors

| Variable | Homo Sapiens | | | Mus Musculus | | | Rattus Norvegicus | | |
|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------|-------|-------|-------------------|-------|-------|
| | Component | | | Component | | | Component | | |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Length | .386 | .055 | .153 | .397 | .050 | -.183 | .404 | .059 | -.195 |
| %Basic | -.039 | .417 | -.015 | -.014 | .424 | -.083 | -.039 | .406 | -.037 |
| %Acidic | .039 | .430 | -.022 | .025 | .414 | .024 | .055 | .430 | -.048 |
| %Hydrophobic | .064 | -.168 | .399 | .051 | -.226 | -.350 | .045 | -.259 | -.332 |
| %Aromatic | .081 | -.040 | .442 | .094 | -.063 | -.455 | .098 | -.072 | -.464 |
| %Polar | -.085 | -.336 | -.472 | -.093 | -.303 | .541 | -.099 | -.274 | .546 |
| Dfixed | .358 | .002 | .071 | .356 | -.014 | -.064 | .360 | -.003 | -.072 |
| Dvar | .326 | -.030 | .018 | .331 | -.002 | -.030 | .318 | -.025 | -.004 |

Table 10 Variables in the corresponding principal components of the 3 species across precursors and nonprecursors

| Species/principal component | Precursors- variables | Nonprecursors -variables |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Human/principal component 1 | Length, Dfixed, Dvarglobular | Length, Dfixed, Dvarglobular |
| Human/principal component 2 | % acidic | %basic, %acidic |
| Human/principal component 3 | %basic, %aromatic | %hydrophobic, %aromatic |
| Mouse/Principal Component 1 | Length, Dfixed, Dvarglobular | Length, Dfixed, Dvarglobular |
| Mouse/Principal Component 2 | %acidic | %basic, %acidic |
| Mouse/Principal Component 3 | %aromatic | %polar |
| Mouse/Principal Component 4 | %basic | ----- |
| Rat/Principal Component 1 | Length, Dfixed, Dvarglobular | Length, Dfixed, Dvarglobular |
| Rat/Principal Component 2 | %acidic | %basic, %acidic |
| Rat/Principal Component 3 | %hydrophobic | %polar |
| Rat/Principal Component 4 | %aromatic | ----- |

Table 11 - Type 2 Diabetes related proteins in all the 3 species

| S. No. | Protein Abbr. | Name of the protein | Organism | Accession No. |
|--------|---------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. | Abcc8 | ATP-binding cassette transporter sub-family C member 8 | Homo Sapiens | Q09428 |
| | Abcc8 | ATP-binding cassette transporter sub-family C member 8 | Mus Musculus | NP_035640.2 |
| | Abcc8 | ATP-binding cassette transporter sub-family C member 8 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037171.1 |
| 2. | Abl1 | Proto-oncogene tyrosine-protein kinase | Homo Sapiens | P00519 |
| | Abl1 | Proto-oncogene tyrosine-protein kinase | Mus Musculus | NP_033724.1 |
| | Abl1 | Proto-oncogene tyrosine-protein kinase | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_001067860.1 |
| 3. | Ace | Angiotensin-converting enzyme, testis-specific isoform | Homo Sapiens | AAR03504 |
| | Ace | Angiotensin-converting enzyme, testis-specific isoform | Mus Musculus | AAH83109 |
| | Ace | Angiotensin-converting enzyme, testis-specific isoform | Rattus Norvegicus | AAG35596 |
| 4. | Acp1 | acid phosphatase 1 | Homo Sapiens | P24666 |
| | Acp1 | acid phosphatase 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_067305.2 |
| | Acp1 | acid phosphatase 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_067085.1 |
| 5. | Ada | Adenosine deaminase | Homo Sapiens | P00813 |
| | Ada | Adenosine deaminase | Mus Musculus | NP_031424.1 |
| | Ada | Adenosine deaminase | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_569083.1 |
| 6. | Adcyap1 | Pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide precursor | Homo Sapiens | P18509 |
| | Adcyap1 | Pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_033755.1 |
| | Adcyap1 | Pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_058685.1 |
| 7. | Adipoq | Adiponectin precursor | Homo Sapiens | Q15848 |
| | Adipoq | Adiponectin precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_033735.3 |
| | Adipoq | adiponectin precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_653345.1 |
| 8. | Adipor1 | adiponectin receptor 1 variant | Homo Sapiens | Q96A54 |
| | Adipor1 | adiponectin receptor 1 variant | Mus Musculus | NP_082596.2 |
| | Adipor1 | adiponectin receptor 1 variant | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_997470.1 |
| 9. | Adipor2 | Adiponectin receptor protein 2 | Homo Sapiens | Q86V24 |
| | Adipor2 | Adiponectin receptor protein 2 | Mus | NP_932102.2 |

| | | | | |
|-----|---------|--|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | | Musculus | |
| | Adipor2 | Adiponectin receptor protein 2 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001033068.1 |
| 10. | Adm | Adrenomedullin precursor | Homo Sapiens | P35318 |
| | Adm | Adrenomedullin precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_033757.1 |
| | Adm | Adrenomedullin precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036847.1 |
| 11. | Adra2b | Alpha-2B adrenergic receptor | Homo Sapiens | P18089 |
| | Adra2b | Alpha-2B adrenergic receptor | Mus Musculus | NP_033763.2 |
| | Adra2b | Alpha-2B adrenergic receptor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_612514.1 |
| 12. | Adrb2 | Beta-2 adrenergic receptor | Homo Sapiens | P07550 |
| | Adrb2 | Beta-2 adrenergic receptor | Mus Musculus | NP_031446.2 |
| | Adrb2 | Beta-2 adrenergic receptor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036624.2 |
| 13. | Adrb3 | Beta-3 adrenergic receptor | Homo Sapiens | P13945 |
| | Adrb3 | Beta-3 adrenergic receptor | Mus Musculus | NP_038490.2 |
| | Adrb3 | Beta-3 adrenergic receptor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037240.1 |
| 14. | ager | Advanced glycosylation end product-specific receptor precursor | Homo Sapiens | Q15109 |
| | ager | Advanced glycosylation end product-specific receptor precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_031451.2 |
| | ager | Advanced glycosylation end product-specific receptor precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_445788.1 |
| 15. | agrp | Agouti-related protein precursor | Homo Sapiens | O00253 |
| | agrp | Agouti-related protein precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_031453.1 |
| | agrp | Agouti-related protein precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_574228.1 |
| 16. | agt | Angiotensinogen | Homo Sapiens | P01019 |
| | agt | Angiotensinogen | Mus Musculus | P11859 |
| | agt | Angiotensinogen | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_602308 |
| 17. | Agtr1 | Type-1 angiotensin II receptor | Homo Sapiens | P30556 |
| | Agtr1 | Type-1 angiotensin II receptor | Mus Musculus | NP_796296.1 |
| | Agtr1 | Type-1 angiotensin II receptor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_112247.2 |
| 18. | ahsg | Alpha-2-HS-glycoprotein precursor | Homo Sapiens | P02765 |
| | ahsg | Alpha-2-HS-glycoprotein precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_038493.1 |

| | | | | |
|-----|---------|---|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | ahsg | Alpha-2-HS-glycoprotein precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037030.1 |
| 19. | Akr1b1 | Aldose reductase | Homo Sapiens | P15121 |
| | Akr1b1 | Aldose reductase | Mus Musculus | NP_033788.2 |
| | Akr1b1 | Aldose reductase | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036630.1 |
| 20. | Akr1b10 | Aldo-keto reductase family 1 member B10 | Homo Sapiens | O60218 |
| | Akr1b10 | Aldo-keto reductase family 1 member B10 | Mus Musculus | NP_765986.3 |
| | Akr1b10 | Aldo-keto reductase family 1 member B10 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001013102.1 |
| 21. | Akt1 | RAC-alpha serine/threonine-protein kinase | Homo Sapiens | P31749 |
| | Akt1 | RAC-alpha serine/threonine-protein kinase | Mus Musculus | AAN04036 |
| | Akt1 | RAC-alpha serine/threonine-protein kinase | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_150233 |
| 22. | Alms1 | Alstrom syndrome protein 1 | Homo Sapiens | Q8TCU4 |
| | Alms1 | Alstrom syndrome protein 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_660258.1 |
| | Alms1 | Alstrom syndrome protein 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_216189.3 |
| 23. | Angpt14 | Angiopietin-related protein 4 precursor | Homo Sapiens | Q9BY76 |
| | Angpt14 | Angiopietin-related protein 4 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_065606.1 |
| | Angpt14 | Angiopietin-related protein 4 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_954546.1 |
| 24. | Apoa5 | Apolipoprotein A-V precursor | Homo Sapiens | Q6Q788 |
| | Apoa5 | Apolipoprotein A-V precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_536682.2 |
| | Apoa5 | Apolipoprotein A-V precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_542143.1 |
| 25. | Apoc3 | Apolipoprotein C-III precursor | Homo Sapiens | P02656 |
| | Apoc3 | Apolipoprotein C-III precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_075603.1 |
| | Apoc3 | Apolipoprotein C-III precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036633 |
| 26. | Apoe | Apolipoprotein E precursor | Homo Sapiens | P02649 |
| | Apoe | Apolipoprotein E precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_033826.1 |
| | Apoe | Apolipoprotein E precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_620183.1 |
| 27. | Arnt | Aryl hydrocarbon receptor nuclear translocator | Homo Sapiens | P27540 |
| | Arnt | Aryl hydrocarbon receptor nuclear translocator | Mus Musculus | NP_001032826.1 |
| | Arnt | Aryl hydrocarbon receptor nuclear | Rattus | NP_036912.1 |

| | | | | |
|-----|--------|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | translocator | Norvegicus | |
| 28. | Asip | Agouti signaling protein precursor | Homo Sapiens | P42127 |
| | Asip | Agouti signaling protein precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_056585.2 |
| | Asip | Agouti signaling protein precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_443211.1 |
| 29. | Atp1a1 | Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase alpha-1 chain precursor | Homo Sapiens | P05023 |
| | Atp1a1 | Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase alpha-1 chain precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_659149.1 |
| | Atp1a1 | Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase alpha-1 chain precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036636.1 |
| 30. | Atp1a2 | Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase alpha-2 chain | Homo Sapiens | P50993 |
| | Atp1a2 | Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase alpha-2 chain | Mus Musculus | NP_848492 |
| | Atp1a2 | Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase alpha-2 chain | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036637 |
| 31. | Atp4b | Potassium-transporting ATPase beta chain | Homo Sapiens | P51164 |
| | Atp4b | Potassium-transporting ATPase beta chain | Mus Musculus | NP_033854.1 |
| | Atp4b | Potassium-transporting ATPase beta chain | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036642.2 |
| 32. | B2m | Beta-2-microglobulin precursor | Homo Sapiens | P61769 |
| | B2m | Beta-2-microglobulin precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_033865.2 |
| | B2m | Beta-2-microglobulin precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036644.1 |
| 33. | Bche | Butyrylcholine esterase | Homo Sapiens | P06276 |
| | Bche | Butyrylcholine esterase | Mus Musculus | NP_033868 |
| | Bche | Butyrylcholine esterase | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_075231 |
| 34. | Btc | Betacellulin precursor | Homo Sapiens | P35070 |
| | Btc | Betacellulin precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_031594.1 |
| | Btc | Betacellulin precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_071592.1 |
| 35. | Capn10 | Calpain-10(Calcium-activated neutral proteinase 10) | Homo Sapiens | Q9HC96 |
| | Capn10 | Calpain-10(Calcium-activated neutral proteinase 10) | Mus Musculus | AAH10969 |
| | Capn10 | Calpain-10(Calcium-activated neutral proteinase 10) | Rattus Norvegicus | Q9ES66 |
| 36. | Casq1 | Calsequestrin-1 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P31415 |
| | Casq1 | Calsequestrin-1 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_033943.1 |
| | Casq1 | Calsequestrin-1 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_001063867.1 |

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|-----|--------|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| 37. | Casr | Extracellular calcium-sensing receptor precursor | Homo Sapiens | P41180 |
| | Casr | Extracellular calcium-sensing receptor precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_038831.1 |
| | Casr | Extracellular calcium-sensing receptor precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_058692.1 |
| 38. | Cckar | Cholecystokinin type A receptor | Homo Sapiens | P32238 |
| | Cckar | Cholecystokinin type A receptor | Mus Musculus | AAC07949 |
| | Cckar | Cholecystokinin type A receptor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036820 |
| 39. | Cckbr | Gastrin/cholecystokinin type B receptor | Homo Sapiens | P32239 |
| | Cckbr | Gastrin/cholecystokinin type B receptor | Mus Musculus | NP_031653 |
| | Cckbr | Gastrin/cholecystokinin type B receptor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037297 |
| 40. | Ccl2 | Small inducible cytokine A2 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P13500 |
| | Ccl2 | Small inducible cytokine A2 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_035461.2 |
| | Ccl2 | Small inducible cytokine A2 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_213425.1 |
| 41. | Cd36 | Platelet glycoprotein IV | Homo Sapiens | EAL24191 |
| | Cd36 | Platelet glycoprotein IV | Mus Musculus | O08857 |
| | Cd36 | Platelet glycoprotein IV | Rattus Norvegicus | AAF25552 |
| 42. | Cd40lg | CD40 ligand | Homo Sapiens | P29965 |
| | Cd40lg | CD40 ligand | Mus Musculus | NP_035746.2 |
| | Cd40lg | CD40 ligand | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_445805.1 |
| 43. | Cdkn1c | Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C | Homo Sapiens | P49918 |
| | Cdkn1c | Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C | Mus Musculus | NP_034006.2 |
| | Cdkn1c | Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001028930.1 |
| 44. | Clps | Colipase precursor | Homo Sapiens | P04118 |
| | Clps | Colipase precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_079745.1 |
| | Clps | Colipase precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037271.1 |
| 45. | Cma1 | Chymase precursor | Homo Sapiens | P23946 |
| | Cma1 | Chymase precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_034910.1 |
| | Cma1 | Chymase precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037224.1 |
| 46. | Cp | Ceruloplasmin precursor | Homo | P00450 |

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|-----|---------|--|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | | Sapiens | |
| | Cp | Ceruloplasmin precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_001036076.1 |
| | Cp | Ceruloplasmin precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036664.1 |
| 47. | Cpb2 | Carboxypeptidase B2 precursor | Homo Sapiens | Q96IY4 |
| | Cpb2 | Carboxypeptidase B2 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_062749.2 |
| | Cpb2 | Carboxypeptidase B2 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_446069.1 |
| 48. | Cpm | Carboxypeptidase M precursor | Homo Sapiens | P14384 |
| | Cpm | Carboxypeptidase M precursor | Mus Musculus | XP_999707.1 |
| | Cpm | Carboxypeptidase M precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_235168.4 |
| 49. | Crp | C-reactive protein precursor | Homo Sapiens | P02741 |
| | Crp | C-reactive protein precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_031794.2 |
| | Crp | C-reactive protein precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_058792.1 |
| 50. | Cst3 | Cystatin C precursor | Homo Sapiens | P01034 |
| | Cst3 | Cystatin C precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_034106.2 |
| | Cst3 | Cystatin C precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036969.1 |
| 51. | Ctla4 | Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte protein 4 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P16410 |
| | Ctla4 | Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte protein 4 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_033973.2 |
| | Ctla4 | Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte protein 4 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_113862.1 |
| 52. | Cxcl12 | Stromal cell-derived factor 1 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P48061 |
| | Cxcl12 | Stromal cell-derived factor 1 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_001012495.1 |
| | Cxcl12 | Stromal cell-derived factor 1 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001029055.1 |
| 53. | Cyb5r4 | Cytochrome b5 reductase 4 | Homo Sapiens | Q7L1T6 |
| | Cyb5r4 | Cytochrome b5 reductase 4 | Mus Musculus | NP_077157.1 |
| | Cyb5r4 | Cytochrome b5 reductase 4 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_596918.2 |
| 54. | Cyba | Cytochrome b-245 light chain | Homo Sapiens | P13498 |
| | Cyba | Cytochrome b-245 light chain | Mus Musculus | NP_031832.1 |
| | Cyba | Cytochrome b-245 light chain | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_077074.1 |
| 55. | Cyp17a1 | Cytochrome P450 17A1 | Homo Sapiens | P05093 |

| | | | | |
|-----|---------|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Cyp17a1 | Cytochrome P450 17A1 | Mus Musculus | NP_031835.2 |
| | Cyp17a1 | Cytochrome P450 17A1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036885.1 |
| 56. | Dio2 | Type II iodothyronine deiodinase | Homo Sapiens | Q92813 |
| | Dio2 | Type II iodothyronine deiodinase | Mus Musculus | NP_034180.1 |
| | Dio2 | Type II iodothyronine deiodinase | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_113908.2 |
| 57. | Drd2 | D(2) dopamine receptor | Homo Sapiens | P14416 |
| | Drd2 | D(2) dopamine receptor | Mus Musculus | NP_034207.1 |
| | Drd2 | D(2) dopamine receptor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036679.1 |
| 58. | Enpp1 | Ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase 1 | Homo Sapiens | P22413 |
| | Enpp1 | Ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_032839.2 |
| | Enpp1 | Ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_445987.1 |
| 59. | Ensa | Alpha-endosulfine | Homo Sapiens | O43768 |
| | Ensa | Alpha-endosulfine | Mus Musculus | NP_062507.1 |
| | Ensa | Alpha-endosulfine | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_068614.1 |
| 60. | Ep300 | E1A-associated protein p300 | Homo Sapiens | Q09472 |
| | Ep300 | E1A-associated protein p300 | Mus Musculus | NP_808489.4 |
| | Ep300 | E1A-associated protein p300 | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_576312.2 |
| 61. | F2 | Prothrombin precursor | Homo Sapiens | P00734 |
| | F2 | Prothrombin precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_034298.1 |
| | F2 | Prothrombin precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_075213.1 |
| 62. | F5 | Coagulation factor V precursor | Homo Sapiens | P12259 |
| | F5 | Coagulation factor V precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032002.1 |
| | F5 | Coagulation factor V precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_222831.4 |
| 63. | Fabp2 | Fatty acid-binding protein, intestinal | Homo Sapiens | P12104 |
| | Fabp2 | Fatty acid-binding protein, intestinal | Mus Musculus | NP_032006.1 |
| | Fabp2 | Fatty acid-binding protein, intestinal | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037200.1 |
| 64. | Fabp4 | Fatty acid-binding protein, adipocyte | Homo Sapiens | P15090 |
| | Fabp4 | Fatty acid-binding protein, adipocyte | Mus | NP_077717.1 |

| | | | | |
|-----|--------|---|----------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | Musculus | |
| | Fabp4 | Fatty acid-binding protein, adipocyte | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_445817.1 |
| 65. | Fas | Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 6 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P25445 |
| | Fas | Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 6 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032013.1 |
| | Fas | Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 6 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_631933.2 |
| 66. | Faslg | Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 6 | Homo Sapiens | P48023 |
| | Faslg | Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 6 | Mus Musculus | NP_034307.1 |
| | Faslg | Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 6 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037040.1 |
| 67. | Fcgr2a | Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor II-a precursor | Homo Sapiens | P12318 |
| | Fcgr2a | Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor II-a precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_034318.1 |
| | Fcgr2a | Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor II-a precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_446295.2 |
| 68. | Foxc2 | Forkhead box protein C2 | Homo Sapiens | Q99958 |
| | Foxc2 | Forkhead box protein C2 | Mus Musculus | NP_038547.1 |
| | Foxc2 | Forkhead box protein C2 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001095150 |
| 69. | Foxo1a | Forkhead box protein O1A | Homo Sapiens | Q12778 |
| | Foxo1a | Forkhead box protein O1A | Mus Musculus | NP_062713.2 |
| | Foxo1a | Forkhead box protein O1A | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_342245.2 |
| 70. | Gal | Galanin precursor | Homo Sapiens | P22466 |
| | Gal | Galanin precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_034383.1 |
| | Gal | Galanin precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_150240.1 |
| 71. | Gc | Vitamin D-binding protein precursor | Homo Sapiens | NP_000574 |
| | Gc | Vitamin D-binding protein precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032122 |
| | Gc | Vitamin D-binding protein precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | P04276 |
| 72. | Gcg | Glucagon precursor | Homo Sapiens | P01275 |
| | Gcg | Glucagon precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032126.1 |
| | Gcg | Glucagon precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036839.1 |
| 73. | Gcgr | Glucagon receptor precursor | Homo Sapiens | P47871 |
| | Gcgr | Glucagon receptor precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032127.1 |

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| | Gcgr | Glucagon receptor precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_742088.1 |
| 74. | Gck | Glucokinase | Homo Sapiens | P35557 |
| | Gck | Glucokinase | Mus Musculus | NP_034422 |
| | Gck | Glucokinase | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036697 |
| 75. | Gckr | Glucokinase regulatory protein | Homo Sapiens | Q14397 |
| | Gckr | Glucokinase regulatory protein | Mus Musculus | NP_659158.1 |
| | Gckr | Glucokinase regulatory protein | Rattus Norvegicus | Q07071 |
| 76. | Gfpt1 | Glucosamine--fructose-6-phosphate aminotransferase [isomerizing] 1 | Homo Sapiens | Q06210 |
| | Gfpt1 | Glucosamine--fructose-6-phosphate aminotransferase [isomerizing] 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_038556.1 |
| | Gfpt1 | Glucosamine--fructose-6-phosphate aminotransferase [isomerizing] 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001005879.1 |
| 77. | Gfpt2 | Glucosamine--fructose-6-phosphate aminotransferase [isomerizing] 2 | Homo Sapiens | O94808 |
| | Gfpt2 | Glucosamine--fructose-6-phosphate aminotransferase [isomerizing] 2 | Mus Musculus | NP_038557.1 |
| | Gfpt2 | Glucosamine--fructose-6-phosphate aminotransferase [isomerizing] 2 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001002819.2 |
| 78. | Ghrl | Appetite-regulating hormone precursor | Homo Sapiens | Q9UBU3 |
| | Ghrl | Appetite-regulating hormone precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_067463.2 |
| | Ghrl | Appetite-regulating hormone precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_067701.1 |
| 79. | Gip | Gastric inhibitory polypeptide precursor | Homo Sapiens | P09681 |
| | Gip | Gastric inhibitory polypeptide precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032145.2 |
| | Gip | Gastric inhibitory polypeptide precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_062604.1 |
| 80. | Gnb3 | Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta 3 | Homo Sapiens | P16520 |
| | Gnb3 | Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta 3 | Mus Musculus | NP_038558.1 |
| | Gnb3 | Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta 3 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_068630.1 |
| 81. | Gpr35 | Probable G-protein coupled receptor 35 | Homo Sapiens | Q9HC97 |
| | Gpr35 | Probable G-protein coupled receptor 35 | Mus Musculus | NP_071715.2 |
| | Gpr35 | Probable G-protein coupled receptor 35 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001032436.1 |
| 82. | Gys1 | Glycogen [starch] synthase, muscle | Homo Sapiens | P13807 |
| | Gys1 | Glycogen [starch] synthase, muscle | Mus Musculus | NP_109603.2 |
| | Gys1 | Glycogen [starch] synthase, muscle | Rattus | XP_001076950.1 |

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| 83. | Hfe | Hereditary hemochromatosis protein precursor | Homo Sapiens | Q30201 |
| | Hfe | Hereditary hemochromatosis protein precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_034554.2 |
| | Hfe | Hereditary hemochromatosis protein precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_445753 |
| 84. | Hif1a | Hypoxia-inducible factor 1 alpha | Homo Sapiens | Q16665 |
| | Hif1a | Hypoxia-inducible factor 1 alpha | Mus Musculus | NP_034561.1 |
| | Hif1a | Hypoxia-inducible factor 1 alpha | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_077335.1 |
| 85. | Hmox1 | Heme oxygenase 1 | Homo Sapiens | P09601 |
| | Hmox1 | Heme oxygenase 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_034572.1 |
| | Hmox1 | Heme oxygenase 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036712.1 |
| 86. | Hnf4a | hepatocyte nuclear factor 4 alpha | Homo Sapiens | NP_000448 |
| | Hnf4a | hepatocyte nuclear factor 4 alpha | Mus Musculus | AAH39220 |
| | Hnf4a | hepatocyte nuclear factor 4 alpha | Rattus Norvegicus | P22449 |
| 87. | Hnf4g | Hepatocyte nuclear factor 4-gamma | Homo Sapiens | Q14541 |
| | Hnf4g | Hepatocyte nuclear factor 4-gamma | Mus Musculus | NP_038948.1 |
| | Hnf4g | Hepatocyte nuclear factor 4-gamma | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_345189.3 |
| 88. | Hsd11b1 | Corticosteroid 11-beta-dehydrogenase isozyme 1 | Homo Sapiens | P28845 |
| | Hsd11b1 | Corticosteroid 11-beta-dehydrogenase isozyme 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_032314.2 |
| | Hsd11b1 | Corticosteroid 11-beta-dehydrogenase isozyme 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_058776.2 |
| 89. | Hspa1a | Corticosteroid 11-beta-dehydrogenase isozyme 1 | Homo Sapiens | P08107 |
| | Hspa1a | Corticosteroid 11-beta-dehydrogenase isozyme 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_034608.2 |
| | Hspa1a | Corticosteroid 11-beta-dehydrogenase isozyme 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_997669.1 |
| 90. | Hspa1b | Heat shock 70 kDa protein 1 | Homo Sapiens | P08107 |
| | Hspa1b | Heat shock 70 kDa protein 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_034608.2 |
| | Hspa1b | Heat shock 70 kDa protein 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_997669.1 |
| 91. | Htr1a | 5-hydroxytryptamine 1A receptor | Homo Sapiens | P08908 |
| | Htr1a | 5-hydroxytryptamine 1A receptor | Mus Musculus | NP_032334.2 |
| | Htr1a | 5-hydroxytryptamine 1A receptor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036717.1 |

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| 92. | Iapp | Islet amyloid polypeptide precursor | Homo Sapiens | P10997 |
| | Iapp | Islet amyloid polypeptide precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_034621.1 |
| | Iapp | Islet amyloid polypeptide precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036718.1 |
| 93. | Icam1 | Intercellular adhesion molecule-1 | Homo Sapiens | P05362 |
| | Icam1 | Intercellular adhesion molecule-1 | Mus Musculus | AAH08626 |
| | Icam1 | Intercellular adhesion molecule-1 | Rattus Norvegicus | AAH81837 |
| 94. | Ide | Insulin-degrading enzyme | Homo Sapiens | P14735 |
| | Ide | Insulin-degrading enzyme | Mus Musculus | NP_112419.2 |
| | Ide | Insulin-degrading enzyme | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037291.1 |
| 95. | Ifng | Interferon gamma precursor | Homo Sapiens | P01579 |
| | Ifng | Interferon gamma precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032363.1 |
| | Ifng | Interferon gamma precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_620235.1 |
| 96. | Igf1 | Insulin-like growth factor IB precursor | Homo Sapiens | P05019 |
| | Igf1 | Insulin-like growth factor IB precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_908941.1 |
| | Igf1 | Insulin-like growth factor IB precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_849197.1 |
| 97. | Igfbp1 | Insulin-like growth factor-binding protein 1 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P08833 |
| | Igfbp1 | Insulin-like growth factor-binding protein 1 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032367.2 |
| | Igfbp1 | Insulin-like growth factor-binding protein 1 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037276.1 |
| 98. | Ihpk1 | Inositol hexaphosphate kinase 1 | Homo Sapiens | Q92551 |
| | Ihpk1 | Inositol hexaphosphate kinase 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_038813.2 |
| | Ihpk1 | Inositol hexaphosphate kinase 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_445768.1 |
| 99. | Il10 | Interleukin-10 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P22301 |
| | Il10 | Interleukin-10 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_034678.1 |
| | Il10 | Interleukin-10 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036986.1 |
| 100. | Il18 | Interleukin-18 precursor | Homo Sapiens | Q14116 |
| | Il18 | Interleukin-18 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032386.1 |
| | Il18 | Interleukin-18 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_062038.1 |
| 101. | Il1b | Interleukin-1 beta precursor | Homo | P01584 |

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| | | | Sapiens | |
| | Il1b | Interleukin-1 beta precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032387.1 |
| | Il1b | Interleukin-1 beta precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_113700.1 |
| 102. | Il1rn | Interleukin-1 receptor antagonist protein precursor | Homo Sapiens | P18510 |
| | Il1rn | Interleukin-1 receptor antagonist protein precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_001034790.1 |
| | Il1rn | Interleukin-1 receptor antagonist protein precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_071530.1 |
| 103. | Il4 | Interleukin-4 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P05112 |
| | Il4 | Interleukin-4 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_067258.1 |
| | Il4 | Interleukin-4 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_958427.1 |
| 104. | Il6 | Interleukin-6 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P05231 |
| | Il6 | Interleukin-6 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_112445.1 |
| | Il6 | Interleukin-6 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036721.1 |
| 105. | Il6r | Interleukin-6 receptor alpha chain precursor | Homo Sapiens | P08887 |
| | Il6r | Interleukin-6 receptor alpha chain precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_034689.2 |
| | Il6r | Interleukin-6 receptor alpha chain precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_058716.1 |
| 106. | Inpp1 | Inositol polyphosphate 5-phosphatase | Homo Sapiens | O15357 |
| | Inpp1 | Inositol polyphosphate 5-phosphatase | Mus Musculus | NP_034697.1 |
| | Inpp1 | Inositol polyphosphate 5-phosphatase | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_075233.1 |
| 107. | Ins | Insulin precursor | Homo Sapiens | P01308 |
| | Ins | Insulin precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032413.1 |
| | Ins | Insulin precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_062003.1 |
| 108. | Insr | insulin receptor | Homo Sapiens | NP_000199 |
| | Insr | insulin receptor | Mus Musculus | NP_034698 |
| | Insr | insulin receptor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_058767 |
| 109. | Ipf1 | Insulin promoter factor 1 | Homo Sapiens | P52945 |
| | Ipf1 | Insulin promoter factor 1 | Mus Musculus | CAA52389 |
| | Ipf1 | Insulin promoter factor 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_074043 |
| 110. | Irs1 | Insulin receptor substrate 1 | Homo Sapiens | P35568 |

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| | Irs1 | Insulin receptor substrate 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_034700.2 |
| | Irs1 | Insulin receptor substrate 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037101.1 |
| 111. | Irs2 | Insulin receptor substrate 2 | Homo Sapiens | Q9Y4H2 |
| | Irs2 | Insulin receptor substrate 2 | Mus Musculus | NP_001074681.1 |
| | Irs2 | Insulin receptor substrate 2 | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_573948.2 |
| 112. | Itga2 | Integrin alpha-2 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P17301 |
| | Itga2 | Integrin alpha-2 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032422.2 |
| | Itga2 | Integrin alpha-2 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_345157.3 |
| 113. | Itga2b | Integrin alpha-IIb precursor | Homo Sapiens | P08514 |
| | Itga2b | Integrin alpha-IIb precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_034705.1 |
| | Itga2b | Integrin alpha-IIb precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_001063315.1 |
| 114. | Itgb1 | Integrin beta-1 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P05556 |
| | Itgb1 | Integrin beta-1 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_034708.1 |
| | Itgb1 | Integrin beta-1 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_058718.1 |
| 115. | Itgb2 | Integrin beta-2 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P05107 |
| | Itgb2 | Integrin beta-2 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032430.2 |
| | Itgb2 | Integrin beta-2 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_001069791.1 |
| 116. | Itgb3 | Integrin beta-3 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P05106 |
| | Itgb3 | Integrin beta-3 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_058060.1 |
| | Itgb3 | Integrin beta-3 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_714942 |
| 117. | Kcnj11 | ATP-sensitive inward rectifier potassium channel 11 | Homo Sapiens | Q14654 |
| | Kcnj11 | ATP-sensitive inward rectifier potassium channel 11 | Mus Musculus | NP_034732.1 |
| | Kcnj11 | ATP-sensitive inward rectifier potassium channel 11 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_112648.2 |
| 118. | Klf7 | Krueppel-like factor 7 | Homo Sapiens | O75840 |
| | Klf7 | Krueppel-like factor 7 | Mus Musculus | NP_291041.2 |
| | Klf7 | Krueppel-like factor 7 | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_343582.2 |
| 119. | Lars2 | Probable leucyl-tRNA synthetase, mitochondrial precursor | Homo Sapiens | Q15031 |
| | Lars2 | Probable leucyl-tRNA synthetase, | Mus | NP_694808.1 |

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| | | mitochondrial precursor | Musculus | |
| | Lars2 | Probable leucyl-tRNA synthetase, mitochondrial precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_343512.2 |
| 120. | Lep | Leptin precursor | Homo Sapiens | P41159 |
| | Lep | Leptin precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032519.1 |
| | Lep | Leptin precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037208.1 |
| 121. | Lepr | Leptin receptor precursor | Homo Sapiens | P48357 |
| | Lepr | Leptin receptor precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_666258.1 |
| | Lepr | Leptin receptor precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036728.1 |
| 122. | Lipc | Hepatic triacylglycerol lipase precursor | Homo Sapiens | P11150 |
| | Lipc | Hepatic triacylglycerol lipase precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032306.2 |
| | Lipc | Hepatic triacylglycerol lipase precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036729.2 |
| 123. | Lmna | Lamin-A/C | Homo Sapiens | P02545 |
| | Lmna | Lamin-A/C | Mus Musculus | NP_001002011.1 |
| | Lmna | Lamin-A/C | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001002016.1 |
| 124. | Lpl | lipoprotein lipase | Homo Sapiens | AAH11353 |
| | Lpl | lipoprotein lipase | Mus Musculus | A40570 |
| | Lpl | lipoprotein lipase | Rattus Norvegicus | JH0790 |
| 125. | Map4k5 | Mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase kinase 5 | Homo Sapiens | Q9Y4K4 |
| | Map4k5 | Mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase kinase 5 | Mus Musculus | NP_077237.2 |
| | Map4k5 | Mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase kinase 5 | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_578547.2 |
| 126. | Mapk14 | Mitogen-activated protein kinase 14 | Homo Sapiens | Q16539 |
| | Mapk14 | Mitogen-activated protein kinase 14 | Mus Musculus | NP_036081.1 |
| | Mapk14 | Mitogen-activated protein kinase 14 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_112282.2 |
| 127. | Mapk8ip1 | C-jun-amino-terminal kinase-interacting protein 1 | Homo Sapiens | Q9UQF2 |
| | Mapk8ip1 | C-jun-amino-terminal kinase-interacting protein 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_035292.2 |
| | Mapk8ip1 | C-jun-amino-terminal kinase-interacting protein 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_446229.1 |
| 128. | Mc3r | Melanocortin receptor 3 | Homo Sapiens | P41968 |
| | Mc3r | Melanocortin receptor 3 | Mus Musculus | NP_032587.1 |

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| | Mc3r | Melanocortin receptor 3 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001020441.2 |
| 129. | Mfn2 | Transmembrane GTPase | Homo Sapiens | O95140 |
| | Mfn2 | Transmembrane GTPase | Mus Musculus | NP_573464.2 |
| | Mfn2 | Transmembrane GTPase | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_570964.3 |
| 130. | Mgea5 | Bifunctional protein NCOAT | Homo Sapiens | O60502 |
| | Mgea5 | Bifunctional protein NCOAT | Mus Musculus | NP_076288.1 |
| | Mgea5 | Bifunctional protein NCOAT | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_571979.1 |
| 131. | Mgst3 | Microsomal glutathione S-transferase 3 | Homo Sapiens | O14880 |
| | Mgst3 | Microsomal glutathione S-transferase 3 | Mus Musculus | NP_079845.1 |
| | Mgst3 | Microsomal glutathione S-transferase 3 | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_213943.2 |
| 132. | Mmp2 | 72 kDa type IV collagenase precursor | Homo Sapiens | P08253 |
| | Mmp2 | 72 kDa type IV collagenase precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032636.1 |
| | Mmp2 | 72 kDa type IV collagenase precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_112316.1 |
| 133. | Mmp9 | Matrix metalloproteinase-9 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P14780 |
| | Mmp9 | Matrix metalloproteinase-9 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_038627.1 |
| | Mmp9 | Matrix metalloproteinase-9 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_112317.1 |
| 134. | Mthfr | Methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase | Homo Sapiens | P42898 |
| | Mthfr | Methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase | Mus Musculus | NP_034970.2 |
| | Mthfr | Methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_342976.2 |
| 135. | Mttp | Microsomal triglyceride transfer protein large subunit precursor | Homo Sapiens | P55157 |
| | Mttp | Microsomal triglyceride transfer protein large subunit precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032668.1 |
| | Mttp | Microsomal triglyceride transfer protein large subunit precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_227765.2 |
| 136. | Neurod1 | Neurogenic differentiation factor 1 | Homo Sapiens | Q13562 |
| | Neurod1 | Neurogenic differentiation factor 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_035024.1 |
| | Neurod1 | Neurogenic differentiation factor 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_062091.1 |
| 137. | Nfkb1 | Nuclear factor NF-kappa-B p105 subunit | Homo Sapiens | P19838 |
| | Nfkb1 | Nuclear factor NF-kappa-B p105 subunit | Mus Musculus | NP_032715.2 |
| | Nfkb1 | Nuclear factor NF-kappa-B p105 subunit | Rattus | XP_342347.2 |

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| | | | Norvegicus | |
| 138. | Nos2a | Nitric oxide synthase, inducible | Homo Sapiens | P35228 |
| | Nos2a | Nitric oxide synthase, inducible | Mus Musculus | NP_035057.1 |
| | Nos2a | Nitric oxide synthase, inducible | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036743.2 |
| 139. | Nos3 | Nitric-oxide synthase, endothelial | Homo Sapiens | P29474 |
| | Nos3 | Nitric-oxide synthase, endothelial | Mus Musculus | NP_032739.2 |
| | Nos3 | Nitric-oxide synthase, endothelial | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_068610.1 |
| 140. | Npy | neuropeptide Y precursor | Homo Sapiens | P01303 |
| | Npy | neuropeptide Y precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_075945.1 |
| | Npy | neuropeptide Y precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036746.1 |
| 141. | Oprm1 | opioid receptor, mu 1 | Homo Sapiens | P35372 |
| | Oprm1 | opioid receptor, mu 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_001034741.1 |
| | Oprm1 | opioid receptor, mu 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037203.1 |
| 142. | P4hb | prolyl 4-hydroxylase, beta polypeptide | Homo Sapiens | AAH14504 |
| | P4hb | prolyl 4-hydroxylase, beta polypeptide | Mus Musculus | P09103 |
| | P4hb | prolyl 4-hydroxylase, beta polypeptide | Rattus Norvegicus | P04785 |
| 143. | Pam | peptidylglycine alpha-amidating monooxygenase precursor | Homo Sapiens | P19021 |
| | Pam | peptidylglycine alpha-amidating monooxygenase precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_038654.1 |
| | Pam | peptidylglycine alpha-amidating monooxygenase precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037132.2 |
| 144. | Parl | presenilin associated, rhomboid-like precursor | Homo Sapiens | Q9H300 |
| | Parl | presenilin associated, rhomboid-like precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_001005767.1 |
| | Parl | presenilin associated, rhomboid-like precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_001055224.1 |
| 145. | Pax4 | paired box gene 4 | Homo Sapiens | O43316 |
| | Pax4 | paired box gene 4 | Mus Musculus | NP_035168.1 |
| | Pax4 | paired box gene 4 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_113987.1 |
| 146. | Pbef1 | pre-B-cell colony-enhancing factor 1 | Homo Sapiens | P43490 |
| | Pbef1 | pre-B-cell colony-enhancing factor 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_067499.1 |
| | Pbef1 | pre-B-cell colony-enhancing factor 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_808789.1 |

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| 147. | Pbx1 | pre B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1 | Homo Sapiens | P40424 |
| | Pbx1 | pre B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_899198.1 |
| | Pbx1 | pre B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_222911.2 |
| 148. | Pcbd1 | pterin 4 alpha carbinolamine dehydratase/dimerization cofactor of hepatocyte nuclear factor 1 alpha | Homo Sapiens | P61457 |
| | Pcbd1 | pterin 4 alpha carbinolamine dehydratase/dimerization cofactor of hepatocyte nuclear factor 1 alpha | Mus Musculus | NP_079549.1 |
| | Pcbd1 | pterin 4 alpha carbinolamine dehydratase/dimerization cofactor of hepatocyte nuclear factor 1 alpha | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001007602.1 |
| 149. | Pck1 | phosphoenolpyruvate carboxykinase 1, cytosolic | Homo Sapiens | P35558 |
| | Pck1 | phosphoenolpyruvate carboxykinase 1, cytosolic | Mus Musculus | NP_035174.1 |
| | Pck1 | phosphoenolpyruvate carboxykinase 1, cytosolic | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_942075.1 |
| 150. | Pdhx | pyruvate dehydrogenase complex, component X precursor | Homo Sapiens | O00330 |
| | Pdhx | pyruvate dehydrogenase complex, component X precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_780303.1 |
| | Pdhx | pyruvate dehydrogenase complex, component X precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_230327.3 |
| 151. | Pea15 | phosphoprotein enriched in astrocytes 15 | Homo Sapiens | Q15121 |
| | Pea15 | phosphoprotein enriched in astrocytes 15 | Mus Musculus | NP_035193.1 |
| | Pea15 | phosphoprotein enriched in astrocytes 15 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001013249.1 |
| 152. | Pklr | pyruvate kinase liver and red blood cell | Homo Sapiens | P30613 |
| | Pklr | pyruvate kinase liver and red blood cell | Mus Musculus | NP_038659.1 |
| | Pklr | pyruvate kinase liver and red blood cell | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036756.2 |
| 153. | Pltp | phospholipid transfer protein precursor | Homo Sapiens | P55058 |
| | Pltp | phospholipid transfer protein precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_035255.1 |
| | Pltp | phospholipid transfer protein precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_215939.4 |
| 154. | Pnpla2 | transport-secretion protein | Homo Sapiens | Q96AD5 |
| | Pnpla2 | transport-secretion protein | Mus Musculus | NP_080078.1 |
| | Pnpla2 | transport-secretion protein | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_341961.1 |
| 155. | Pon1 | paraoxonase 1 | Homo Sapiens | P27169 |
| | Pon1 | paraoxonase 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_035264.1 |

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| | Pon1 | paraoxonase 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_114466.1 |
| 156. | Ppara | Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor alpha | Homo Sapiens | Q07869 |
| | Ppara | Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor alpha | Mus Musculus | NP_035274.2 |
| | Ppara | Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor alpha | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037328.1 |
| 157. | Ppard | peroxisome proliferator activator receptor delta | Homo Sapiens | Q03181 |
| | Ppard | peroxisome proliferator activator receptor delta | Mus Musculus | NP_035275.1 |
| | Ppard | peroxisome proliferator activator receptor delta | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037273.1 |
| 158. | Pparg | peroxisome proliferative activated receptor gamma | Homo Sapiens | P37231 |
| | Pparg | peroxisome proliferative activated receptor gamma | Mus Musculus | NP_035276 |
| | Pparg | peroxisome proliferative activated receptor gamma | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037256 |
| 159. | Ppargc1a | peroxisome proliferative activated receptor, gamma, coactivator 1 alpha | Homo Sapiens | Q9UBK2 |
| | Ppargc1a | peroxisome proliferative activated receptor, gamma, coactivator 1 alpha | Mus Musculus | NP_032930.1 |
| | Ppargc1a | peroxisome proliferative activated receptor, gamma, coactivator 1 alpha | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_112637.1 |
| 160. | Ppargc1b | peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma coactivator 1 beta | Homo Sapiens | Q86YN6 |
| | Ppargc1b | peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma coactivator 1 beta | Mus Musculus | NP_573512.1 |
| | Ppargc1b | peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma coactivator 1 beta | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_788264.1 |
| 161. | Ppp1r3a | Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma coactivator 1-beta | Homo Sapiens | Q16821 |
| | Ppp1r3a | Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma coactivator 1-beta | Mus Musculus | NP_536712.2 |
| | Ppp1r3a | Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma coactivator 1-beta | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_575392.1 |
| 162. | Prkaa2 | 5'-AMP-activated protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha-2 | Homo Sapiens | P54646 |
| | Prkaa2 | 5'-AMP-activated protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha-2 | Mus Musculus | NP_835279.1 |
| | Prkaa2 | 5'-AMP-activated protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha-2 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_076481.1 |
| 163. | Prkab2 | 5'-AMP-activated protein kinase subunit beta-2 | Homo Sapiens | O43741 |
| | Prkab2 | 5'-AMP-activated protein kinase subunit beta-2 | Mus Musculus | NP_892042.2 |
| | Prkab2 | 5'-AMP-activated protein kinase subunit beta-2 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_072149.1 |
| 164. | Prkcb1 | Protein kinase C beta type | Homo Sapiens | P05771 |
| | Prkcb1 | Protein kinase C beta type | Mus Musculus | NP_032881.1 |
| | Prkcb1 | Protein kinase C beta type | Rattus | NP_036845.2 |

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| 165. | Prkcz | Protein kinase C zeta type | Homo Sapiens | Q05513 |
| | Prkcz | Protein kinase C zeta type | Mus Musculus | NP_032886.2 |
| | Prkcz | Protein kinase C zeta type | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_071952.1 |
| 166. | Ptgs2 | Prostaglandin G/H synthase 2 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P35354 |
| | Ptgs2 | Prostaglandin G/H synthase 2 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_035328.2 |
| | Ptgs2 | Prostaglandin G/H synthase 2 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_058928.2 |
| 167. | Ptpn1 | Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 1 | Homo Sapiens | P18031 |
| | Ptpn1 | Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_035331.3 |
| | Ptpn1 | Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036769.1 |
| 168. | Ptprr | Receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase R precursor | Homo Sapiens | Q15256 |
| | Ptprr | Receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase R precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_035347.1 |
| | Ptprr | Receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase R precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_446046.1 |
| 169. | Pyy | Peptide YY precursor | Homo Sapiens | P10082 |
| | Pyy | Peptide YY precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_663410.1 |
| | Pyy | Peptide YY precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001029252.1 |
| 170. | Rage | MAPK/MAK/MRK overlapping kinase | Homo Sapiens | Q9UQ07 |
| | Rage | MAPK/MAK/MRK overlapping kinase | Mus Musculus | NP_036103.1 |
| | Rage | MAPK/MAK/MRK overlapping kinase | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001010965.1 |
| 171. | Retn | Resistin precursor | Homo Sapiens | Q9HD89 |
| | Retn | Resistin precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_075360.1 |
| | Retn | Resistin precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_653342.1 |
| 172. | Rnpepl1 | Arginyl aminopeptidase-like 1 | Homo Sapiens | Q9HAU8 |
| | Rnpepl1 | Arginyl aminopeptidase-like 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_852070.1 |
| | Rnpepl1 | Arginyl aminopeptidase-like 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | CAB93958 |
| 173. | Rorc | Nuclear receptor ROR-gamma | Homo Sapiens | P51449 |
| | Rorc | Nuclear receptor ROR-gamma | Mus Musculus | NP_035411.1 |
| | Rorc | Nuclear receptor ROR-gamma | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_347323.3 |

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| 174. | Rxrg | Retinoic acid receptor RXR-gamma | Homo Sapiens | P48443 |
| | Rxrg | Retinoic acid receptor RXR-gamma | Mus Musculus | NP_033133.1 |
| | Rxrg | Retinoic acid receptor RXR-gamma | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_113953.1 |
| 175. | Saa1 | Serum amyloid A protein precursor | Homo Sapiens | P02735 |
| | Saa1 | Serum amyloid A protein precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_033143.1 |
| | Saa1 | Serum amyloid A protein precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001009478 |
| 176. | Scarb1 | Scavenger receptor class B member 1 | Homo Sapiens | Q8WTV0 |
| | Scarb1 | Scavenger receptor class B member 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_058021.1 |
| | Scarb1 | Scavenger receptor class B member 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_113729.1 |
| 177. | Scd | Acyl-CoA desaturase | Homo Sapiens | O00767 |
| | Scd | Acyl-CoA desaturase | Mus Musculus | NP_033153.2 |
| | Scd | Acyl-CoA desaturase | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_631931.1 |
| 178. | Sele | selectin, endothelial cell precursor | Homo Sapiens | P16581 |
| | Sele | selectin, endothelial cell precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_035475.1 |
| | Sele | selectin, endothelial cell precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_620234.1 |
| 179. | Sell | L-selectin precursor | Homo Sapiens | P14151 |
| | Sell | L-selectin precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_035476.1 |
| | Sell | L-selectin precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_062050.1 |
| 180. | Sels | Selenoprotein S | Homo Sapiens | Q9BQE4 |
| | Sels | Selenoprotein S | Mus Musculus | NP_077759.3 |
| | Sels | Selenoprotein S | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_775143.1 |
| 181. | Serpine1 | Plasminogen activator inhibitor 1 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P05121 |
| | Serpine1 | Plasminogen activator inhibitor 1 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032897.1 |
| | Serpine1 | Plasminogen activator inhibitor 1 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036752.1 |
| 182. | Shbg | Sex hormone-binding globulin precursor | Homo Sapiens | P04278 |
| | Shbg | Sex hormone-binding globulin precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_035497.1 |
| | Shbg | Sex hormone-binding globulin precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036782.1 |
| 183. | Slc12a3 | Solute carrier family 12 member 3 | Homo | P55017 |

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| | | | Sapiens | |
| | Slc12a3 | Solute carrier family 12 member 3 | Mus Musculus | NP_062288.1 |
| | Slc12a3 | Solute carrier family 12 member 3 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_062218.2 |
| 184. | Slc2a10 | Solute carrier family 2, facilitated glucose transporter member 10 | Homo Sapiens | O95528 |
| | Slc2a10 | Solute carrier family 2, facilitated glucose transporter member 10 | Mus Musculus | NP_569718.1 |
| | Slc2a10 | Solute carrier family 2, facilitated glucose transporter member 10 | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_345472.3 |
| 185. | Slc2a2 | solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter), member 2 | Homo Sapiens | P11168 |
| | Slc2a2 | solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter), member 2 | Mus Musculus | NP_112474 |
| | Slc2a2 | solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter), member 2 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036883 |
| 186. | Slc2a4 | solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter), member 4 | Homo Sapiens | P14672 |
| | Slc2a4 | solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter), member 4 | Mus Musculus | NP_033230.2 |
| | Slc2a4 | solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter), member 4 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036883.1 |
| 187. | Smpd1 | Sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase precursor | Homo Sapiens | P17405 |
| | Smpd1 | Sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_035551.1 |
| | Smpd1 | Sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001006998.1 |
| 188. | Socs2 | suppressor of cytokine signaling 2 | Homo Sapiens | O14508 |
| | Socs2 | suppressor of cytokine signaling 2 | Mus Musculus | AAN84618 |
| | Socs2 | suppressor of cytokine signaling 2 | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_478115.1 |
| 189. | Sod1 | Superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn] | Homo Sapiens | P00441 |
| | Sod1 | Superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn] | Mus Musculus | NP_035564.1 |
| | Sod1 | Superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn] | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_058746.1 |
| 190. | Sod3 | Extracellular superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn] precursor | Homo Sapiens | P08294 |
| | Sod3 | Extracellular superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn] precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_035565.1 |
| | Sod3 | Extracellular superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn] precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037012.1 |
| 191. | Sorbs1 | Sorbin and SH3 domain-containing protein 1 | Homo Sapiens | Q9BX66 |
| | Sorbs1 | Sorbin and SH3 domain-containing protein 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_848139.1 |
| | Sorbs1 | Sorbin and SH3 domain-containing protein 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_001066536.1 |
| 192. | Srebf1 | Sterol regulatory element-binding protein 1 | Homo Sapiens | P36956 |

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| | Srebf1 | Sterol regulatory element-binding protein 1 | Mus Musculus | NP_035610.1 |
| | Srebf1 | Sterol regulatory element-binding protein 1 | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_213329.4 |
| 193. | Tcf1 | Hepatocyte nuclear factor 1-alpha | Homo Sapiens | AAF00616 |
| | Tcf1 | Hepatocyte nuclear factor 1-alpha | Mus Musculus | NP_033353 |
| | Tcf1 | Hepatocyte nuclear factor 1-alpha | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001007602 |
| 194. | Tcf2 | Hepatocyte nuclear factor 1-beta | Homo Sapiens | CAG38809 |
| | Tcf2 | Hepatocyte nuclear factor 1-beta | Mus Musculus | P27889 |
| | Tcf2 | Hepatocyte nuclear factor 1-beta | Rattus Norvegicus | P23899 |
| 195. | Tcf7l2 | Transcription factor 7-like 2 | Homo Sapiens | Q9NQB0 |
| | Tcf7l2 | Transcription factor 7-like 2 | Mus Musculus | NP_033359.2 |
| | Tcf7l2 | Transcription factor 7-like 2 | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_001054844.1 |
| 196. | Tf | Serotransferrin precursor | Homo Sapiens | P02787 |
| | Tf | Serotransferrin precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_598738.1 |
| | Tf | Serotransferrin precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001013128.1 |
| 197. | Tgfb1 | Transforming growth factor-beta-induced protein ig-h3 precursor | Homo Sapiens | Q15582 |
| | Tgfb1 | Transforming growth factor-beta-induced protein ig-h3 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_033395.1 |
| | Tgfb1 | Transforming growth factor-beta-induced protein ig-h3 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | EDL93931 |
| 198. | Timp1 | Metalloproteinase inhibitor 1 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P01033 |
| | Timp1 | Metalloproteinase inhibitor 1 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_001037849.1 |
| | Timp1 | Metalloproteinase inhibitor 1 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_446271.1 |
| 199. | Timp2 | Metalloproteinase inhibitor 2 precursor | Homo Sapiens | P16035 |
| | Timp2 | Metalloproteinase inhibitor 2 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_035724.2 |
| | Timp2 | Metalloproteinase inhibitor 2 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_068824.1 |
| 200. | Tlr4 | Toll-like receptor 4 precursor | Homo Sapiens | O00206 |
| | Tlr4 | Toll-like receptor 4 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_067272.1 |
| | Tlr4 | Toll-like receptor 4 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_062051.1 |
| 201. | Tnf | tumor necrosis factor alpha precursor | Homo Sapiens | P01375 |
| | Tnf | tumor necrosis factor alpha precursor | Mus | NP_038721.1 |

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| | | | Musculus | |
| | Tnf | tumor necrosis factor alpha precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036807.1 |
| 202. | Tnfrsf1b | Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 11B precursor | Homo Sapiens | O00300 |
| | Tnfrsf1b | Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 11B precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_032790.3 |
| | Tnfrsf1b | Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 11B precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037002.1 |
| 203. | Tnfrsf1b | Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1B precursor | Homo Sapiens | P20333 |
| | Tnfrsf1b | Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1B precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_035740.2 |
| | Tnfrsf1b | Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1B precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_569110.1 |
| 204. | Txn | Thioredoxin | Homo Sapiens | P10599 |
| | Txn | Thioredoxin | Mus Musculus | NP_035790.1 |
| | Txn | Thioredoxin | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_446252.1 |
| 205. | Ucp1 | uncoupling protein 1 (mitochondrial, proton carrier) | Homo Sapiens | P25874 |
| | Ucp1 | uncoupling protein 1 (mitochondrial, proton carrier) | Mus Musculus | NP_033489.1 |
| | Ucp1 | uncoupling protein 1 (mitochondrial, proton carrier) | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_036814.1 |
| 206. | Ucp2 | uncoupling protein 2 (mitochondrial, proton carrier} | Homo Sapiens | P55851 |
| | Ucp2 | uncoupling protein 2 (mitochondrial, proton carrier} | Mus Musculus | NP_035801.2 |
| | Ucp2 | uncoupling protein 2 (mitochondrial, proton carrier} | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_062227.1 |
| 207. | Ucp3 | uncoupling protein 3 (mitochondrial, proton carrier) | Homo Sapiens | P55916 |
| | Ucp3 | uncoupling protein 3 (mitochondrial, proton carrier) | Mus Musculus | NP_033490.1 |
| | Ucp3 | uncoupling protein 3 (mitochondrial, proton carrier) | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_037299.1 |
| 208. | Uts2 | Urotensin-2 precursor | Homo Sapiens | O95399 |
| | Uts2 | Urotensin-2 precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_036040.1 |
| | Uts2 | Urotensin-2 precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_062033.1 |
| 209. | Uts2r | Urotensin II receptor | Homo Sapiens | Q9UKP6 |
| | Uts2r | Urotensin II receptor | Mus Musculus | NP_663415.1 |
| | Uts2r | Urotensin II receptor | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_065412.1 |
| 210. | Vdr | Vitamin D3 receptor (VDR) (1,25- dihydroxyvitamin D3 receptor) | Homo Sapiens | P11473 |
| | Vdr | Vitamin D3 receptor (VDR) (1,25- dihydroxyvitamin D3 receptor) | Mus Musculus | NP_033530.2 |

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| | Vdr | Vitamin D3 receptor (VDR) (1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D3 receptor) | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_058754.1 |
| 211. | Vegf | Vascular endothelial growth factor A | Homo Sapiens | P15692 |
| | Vegf | Vascular endothelial growth factor A | Mus Musculus | P48281 |
| | Vegf | Vascular endothelial growth factor A | Rattus Norvegicus | P13053 |
| 212. | Wdr42a | WDR42A protein | Homo Sapiens | Q5TAQ9 |
| | Wdr42a | WDR42A protein | Mus Musculus | NP_705783.1 |
| | Wdr42a | WDR42A protein | Rattus Norvegicus | NP_001014253.1 |
| 213. | Wnt5b | Protein Wnt-5b precursor | Homo Sapiens | Q9H1J7 |
| | Wnt5b | Protein Wnt-5b precursor | Mus Musculus | NP_033551.1 |
| | Wnt5b | Protein Wnt-5b precursor | Rattus Norvegicus | XP_342748.3 |